



Dr. Mohamed Ahmed Ebrahim

Renewable Energy Systems



By



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Content

Introduction to renewable energy systems. Sources of renewable energy. Fundamentals of tidal wave, geothermal and hydro electrical renewable generation. Wind energy conversion systems. Solar-thermal energy systems.

Photovoltaic systems.

6

Content

 Design of a typical photovoltaic energy systems. Renewable energy integration into the existing grid. • Faults on renewable energy systems. Renewable energy systems efficiency and maintenance. 10 Renewable energy systems codes and standards.





Lecture (1)

Content

Introduction to renewable energy systems. Solar thermal and photovoltaic systems. Photovoltaic array systems. Wind power systems. Faults on renewable energy systems. Renewable energy systems efficiency and maintenance. 6

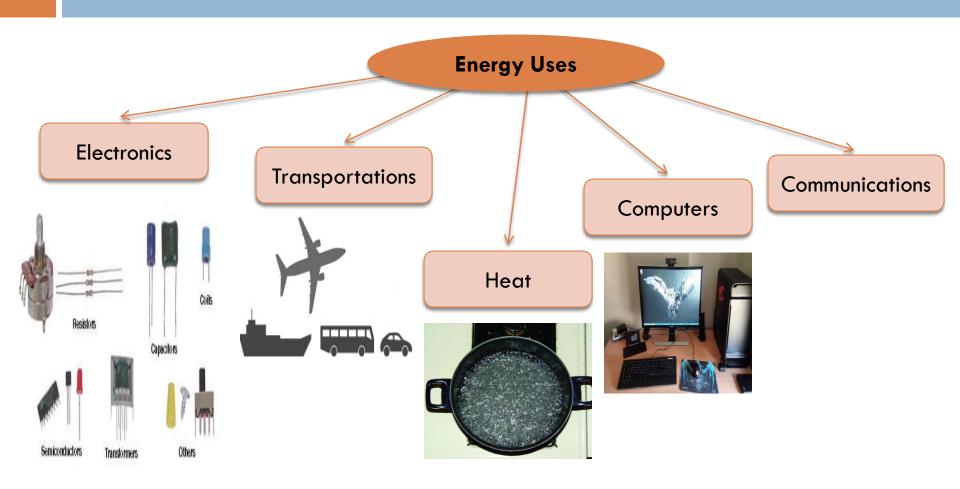
Renewable energy systems codes and standards.

Introduction

What is the Meaning of Energy?

- Energy is the amount of force or power when applied can move an object from one position to another.
- Energy defines the capacity of a system to do work.
- Energy are broadly classifies into two main types:
- Renewable Energy Non Renewable Energy

Energy Applications

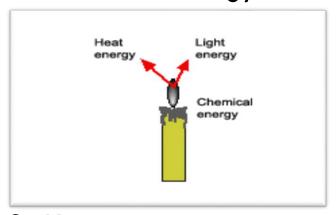


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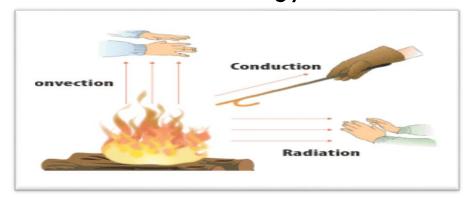
Common Forms of Energy

The most common forms of energy:

1 - Chemical energy.



2- Thermal energy.



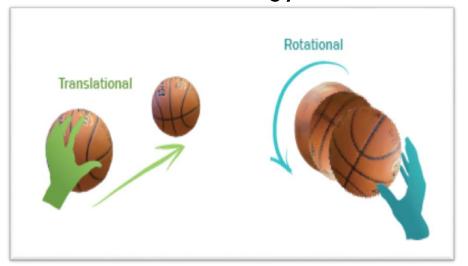
3- Kinetic energy.



4- Nuclear energy.



6- Rotational Energy



5- Solar energy.



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Electricity

Changes

Life style

Five key questions

- 1. What is the electrical energy?
- 2. How do we produce electric energy?
 - 3. Why do we think the electrical energy is important?
 - 4. What are the resources of electrical energy?
 - 5. What about renewable energy resources?

1. What is the electric energy?

- It is one of the most important energy forms.
- Energy cannot be created or destroyed.
- In all devices and machines, including electric circuits, energy is transferred from one type to another.



Current

Tank (Battery)

The flow of electric charge

- measured in AMPERES (A)

Tap (Switch)

Pipe (Wiring)

When the tap (switch) is off, is there any flow (current)?

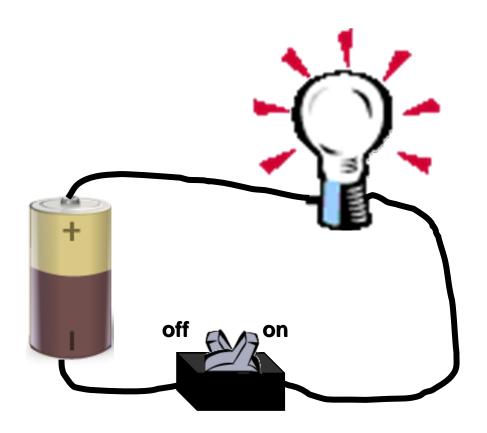
NO

When the tap (switch) is on, is there any flow (current)?

YES

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Current in a Circuit



When the switch is off, there is no current.

When the switch is on, there is current.

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2. How do We Produce Electric Energy?

Magnetic field + movable conductor = electricity Edison and Swan





Nearly 40 years went by before a really practical DC (Direct Current) generator was built by Thomas Edison. In 1878 Joseph Swan, a British scientist, invented the incandescent filament lamp and within twelve months Edison made a similar discovery in America.

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Swan and Edison later set up a joint company to produce the first practical filament lamp. Prior to this, electric lighting had been crude arc lamps.

Edison used his DC generator to provide electricity to light his laboratory and later to illuminate the first New York street to be lit by electric lamps, in September 1882. Edison's successes were not without controversy, however - although he was convinced of the merits of DC for generating electricity, other scientists in Europe and America recognized that DC brought major disadvantages.

3. Why do we think the electrical energy is important?

- Electricity is a part of modern life and one cannot think of a world without it.
- Electricity has many uses in our day to day life.
- We can say that the electric energy is the source of life.
- Imagine life without electricity!!!!!!!!!

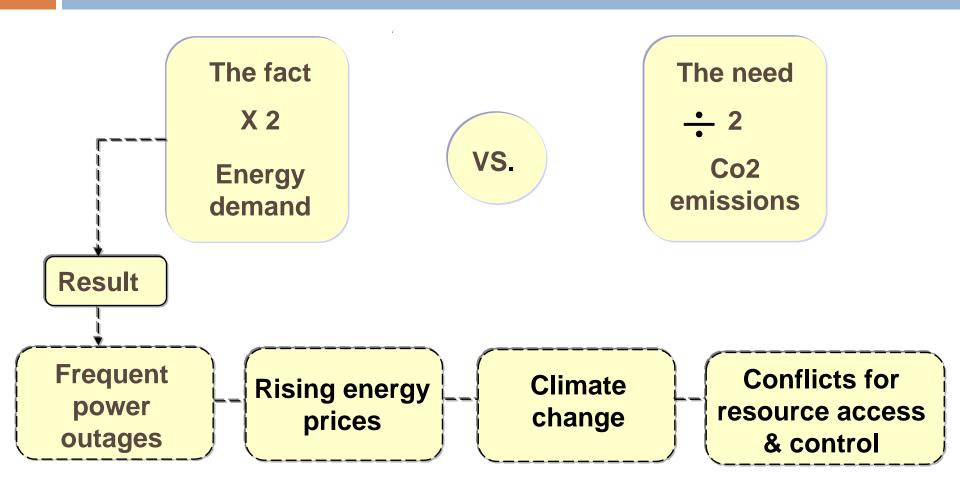




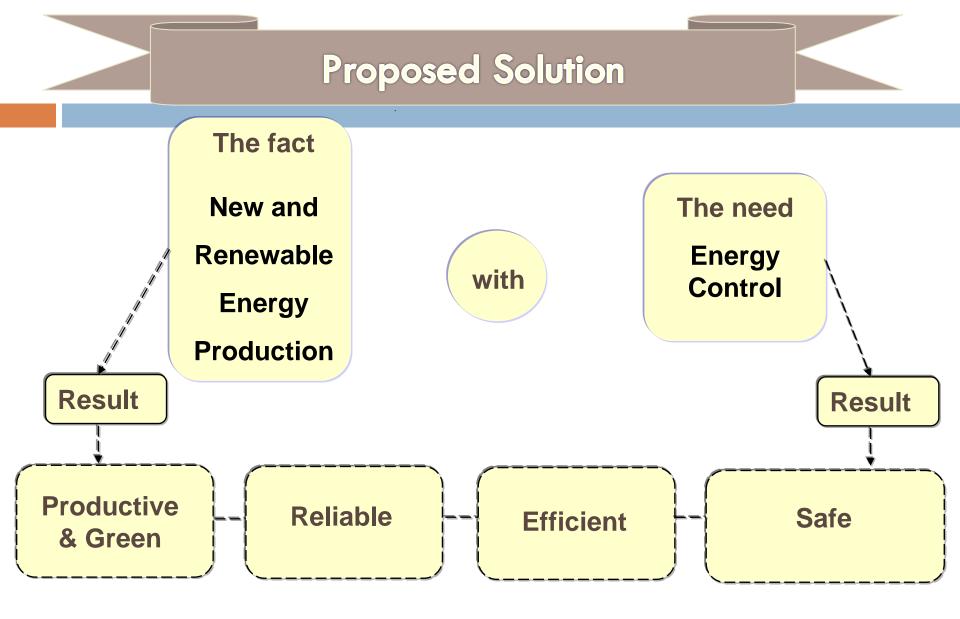


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Example: Energy Dilemma



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Classifications of main drivers behind the focus on renewable energy

Environmental drivers

- Limiting green house gas (GHG) emissions
- Avoidance of the construction of new transmission circuits and large generating plants

Commercial drivers

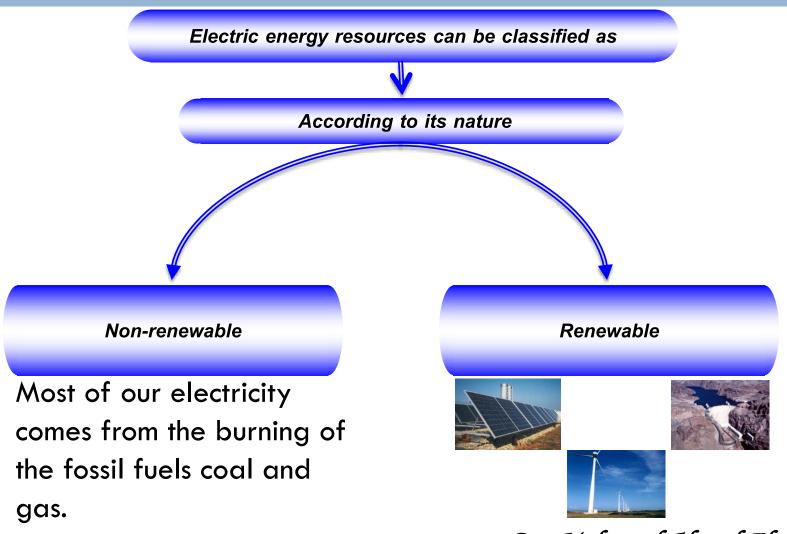
- ❖ General uncertainty in electricity markets favours small generation schemes
- ❖ DG is a cost effective route to improved power quality and reliability

National/regulatory drivers

- Diversification of energy sources to enhance energy security
- Support for competition policy

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4. What are the resources of electrical energy?



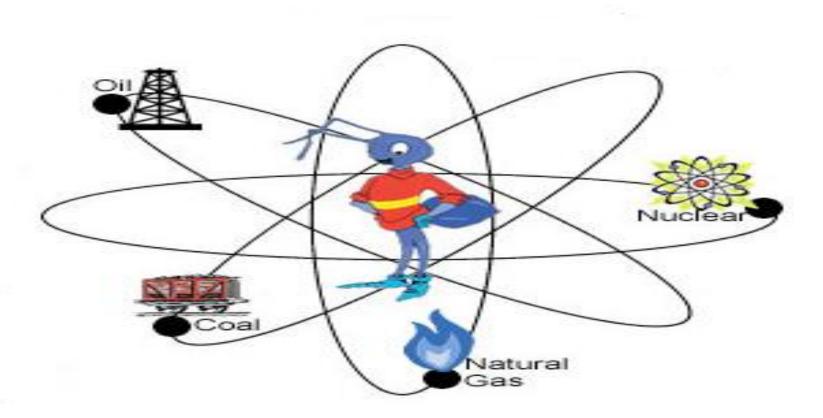
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Non-Renewable Energy

 Sources are not environmental friendly and can have serious affect on our health.

- They are called non-renewable because they can not be regenerated within a short span of time.
- Non-renewable sources exist in the form of fossil fuels, natural gas oil and coal.

Main Types of Non-Renewable Energy



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- Advantages of Non Renewable Sources
- Non-renewable sources are cheap and easy to use (we can easily fill up car tank, power motor vehicle).
- 2. Use small amount of nuclear energy to produce large amount of power.
- 3. Non-renewable sources considered as cheap when converting from one type of energy to another.

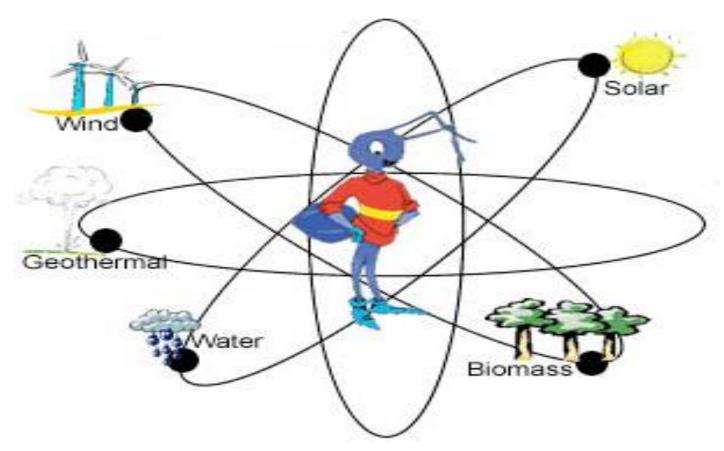
- Disadvantages of Non Renewable Sources
- Non-renewable sources will expire some day.
- 2. The speed at which such resources are being utilized can have serious environmental changes.
- 3. Non-renewable sources release toxic gases in the air when burnt which are the major cause for global warming.
- 4. Since these sources are going to expire soon, prices of these sources are soaring day by day.

Renewable Energy

- recourses found in nature i.e. sun, wind, rain, and tides. that
 are self regenerated, that can be replaced or renewed
 without harming the environment or contributing to the
 greenhouse effect.
- These sources are normally used to produce clean energy.
 This production doesn't lead to climate change.



Main Types of Renewable Energy



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Advantages of Renewable Sources

- 1. The sun, wind, geothermal, ocean energy are available in the abundant quantity and free to use.
- 2. Renewable sources can cost less than consuming the local electrical supply and boost the economy.
- 3. Renewable sources have low carbon emissions, therefore they are considered as green and environment friendly.
- 4. Avoid the high costs involved in transmission.
- Avoid the distribution losses.

Disadvantages of Renewable Sources

- It is not easy to set up a plant as the initial costs are quite steep, and high maintenance cost.
- Solar energy can be used during the day time and not during night or rainy season.
- 3. Large land area is required for the installation of its power plant.
- Geothermal energy can bring toxic chemicals beneath the earth surface onto the top and can create environmental changes.
- 5. Building dams for hydroelectric across the river which is quite expensive can affect natural flow and affect wildlife.

Problem Definition



- 1- Renewable energy resource is a highly variable power source, and there are several methods of characterizing this variability.
 - A. The most common method is the power duration curve.
 - B. Another method is to use a statistical representation.

2- In the power system the objective is to generate and deliver power as economically and reliable as possible while maintaining the voltage and frequency within permissible limits



What about the concept of smart grid?

THE SMART GRID



Source: European Technology Platform SmartGrids

Smart Grid Definition

- □ A smart grid is a modern electric system.
- □ It uses communications, sensors, automation and computers to improve the flexibility, security, reliability, efficiency, and safety of the electricity system.
- □ It offers consumers increased choice by facilitating opportunities to control their electricity use and respond to electricity price changes by adjusting their consumption.

What can Edison say about the electricity today?



Present Energy Resources

Fossil fuels

are a finite source of energy that tend to release greenhouse gases as they are burned.

Nuclear power

is power that utilizes the intense energy stored in atoms.

Renewable energy

refers to energy from non-depletable sources such as solar, wind, and geothermal.

Activity

Before extensive talking about renewable energy, I will ask you some questions.

- What are the current and projected Egypt energy (fuel + electricity) demands?
- 2. How is the demand for electricity currently being generated and what about the future?
- 3. What contribution can renewable energy make to future fuel and electricity needs?